Detailed Project Report on Solar PV rooftop system

G Expo sales Khurja (Uttar Pradesh)

Prepared for Bureau of Energy Efficiency (13/GEF-UNIDO-BEE/LSP/14/4562)









...towards global sustainable development

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The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI) New Delhi



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List of abbreviations

BEE	:	Bureau of Energy Efficiency
CO ₂	:	Carbon Dioxide
D/E	:	Debt / Equity
DPR	:	Detailed Project Report
DSCR	:	Debt Service Coverage Ratio
EE	:	Energy Efficient
GEF	:	Global Environmental Facility
GHG	:	Greenhouse Gas
HSD	:	High Speed Diesel
IDC	:	Investment without interest defer credit
IGDPR	:	Investment Grade Detailed Project Report
IRR	:	Internal Rate of Return
kW	:	Kilo Watt
kWh	:	Kilo Watt Hour
LMV		Low and Medium Voltage
LSPs	:	Local Service Providers
MSME	:	Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises
MT	:	Metric Tonne
NG	:	Natural Gas
NPV	:	Net Present Value
O&M	:	Operation and Maintenance
RE	:	Renewable Energy
ROI	:	Return On Investment
SME	:	Small and Medium Enterprises
SPP	:	Simple Payback Period
TERI	:	The Energy and Resources Institute
toe	:	Tonnes of oil equivalent
UNIDO	:	United Nations Industrial Development Organization
WACC	:	Weighted Average Cost of Capital

Executive summary

The overall aim of the GEF-UNIDO-BEE project 'Promoting Energy Efficiency (EE) and Renewable Energy (RE) in selected MSME clusters in India' is to develop and promote a market environment for introducing energy efficiency and enhancing the use of renewable energy technologies in process applications in selected energy-intensive MSME clusters in India. This would help in improving the productivity and competitiveness of the MSME units, as well as in reducing the overall carbon emissions and improving the local environment.

Under the GEF-UNIDO-BEE Project, TERI has been entrusted to undertake Capacity building of Local Service Providers (LSPs) to BEE. The Scope of Work under the project

- Organizing 4 one-day training/ capacity building workshops for LSPs in each cluster.
- Development of 10 bankable DPRs for each cluster, based on mapping technology needs with capacities of local technology suppliers/service providers, and also replication potential and applications to banks in each cluster.

M/s G. Expo Sales Name of the unit Constitution Proprietorship MSME Classification Small No. of years in operation NA Address: Registered Office: B-8, Industrial Area, Junction Road, Khurja - 203131, Bulandshahr, Uttar Pradesh Industry-sector Ceramic Products manufactured Bone china crockery Name(s) of the promoters/ directors Mr Karan Gulati

Brief introduction of the MSME unit

A detailed assessment study was undertaken in the identified area with the use of the sophisticated handheld instruments. Energy consumption pattern and production data were collected to estimate the specific energy consumption of the unit. The unit level baseline of the unit was also estimated using the historical data. The plant is consuming about 173,100 kWh of electricity per year. The annual consumption of the fuel oil is 96 kL and HSD is 2,880 litres. The total energy consumption of the unit during last 12 months is estimated to be 105 toe which is equivalent to 50 lakh rupees. The total CO_2 emission during this period is estimated to be 405 tonnes. Electricity, HSD and fuel oil were considered for CO_2 emission estimation.

The unit manufactures bone china crockery. The average production of the unit during 2017-18 is estimated to be 25,000 pieces per day.

Accepted/ recommended technology implementation

The recommended technology considered after discussion with the plant personnel for implementation in the unit is given below.



Energy conservation measure	Annual electricity saving (kWh/year)	Investment [†] (Rs. Lakh)	Monetary savings (Rs. Lakh/year)	Simple payback period (years)	Emission reduction (tonnes of CO ₂)
Installation of solar PV rooftop system	49,155	15.66	4.31	3.60	40.30

Other benefits

- The proposed project is not expected to bring in any change in process step or operating practices therefore no change expected in the product quality.
- Implementation of the selected technology in the unit may result in reduction in CO₂ emissions.

Cost of project & means of finance

S. No.	Particulars	Unit	100% equity	D/E- 70:30	D/E- 50:50
1	Cost of Project	Rs. In Lakh	15.66	16.24	16.07
2	D/E Ratio	-	-	7:3	1:1
3	Project IRR	%	2.53	-3.64	-1.88
4	NPV	Rs. In Lakh	-2.31	-4.68	-4.01
5	DSCR	-	-	1.40	1.93

¹ Investment including the solar PV rooftop system including taxes and miscellaneous - Rs. 15.66 lakh



1.0 Details of the unit

1.1 Particulars of unit

Table 1.1: Particulars of the unit

1	Name of the unit	M/s G Expo Sales	
2	Constitution	Proprietorship	
3	Name of the Contact Person	Mr Karan Gulati	
4	Mobile / Ph. No	+91- 9837087311 / 05738-253528	
5	Email	karangexpo@gmail.com	
6	Address:	B-8, Industrial Area, Junction	Owned
	Registered Office	Road, Khurja - 203131,	
	-	Bulandshahr, UP	
7	Factory	B-8, Industrial Area, Junction	Owned
		Road, Khurja - 203131,	
		Bulandshahr, UP	
8	Industry / Sector	MSME/Ceramic	
9	Products Manufactured	Bone China Crockery	
10	No of hours of operation/shift	8	
11	No of shifts/ day	3	
12	No of days/year	240	
13	Installed capacity	30,000 pcs per day	
14	Whether the unit is exporting its products	No	
	(Yes/ No)		
15	Quality Certification, if any	NA	



2.0 Energy profile

2.1 Process flow diagram

Manufacturing of ceramic item uses wide range of raw material combination to produce different shape, size and colour. It requires both electrical and thermal energy at different stages of the process to operate the ball mill, casting/moulding, kilns, cutting & finishing machines and utilities such as motors, pumps air compressor etc. Ceramic manufacturing process primarily consists of mould preparation, body material preparation, shaping, drying and firing. Typical process flow chart is shown with figure 2.1.

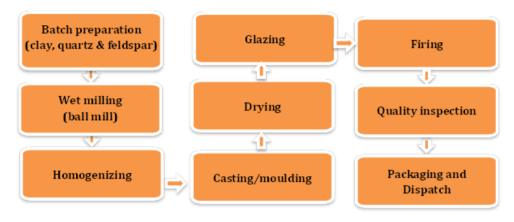


Figure 2.1: Process flow chart

2.2 Details of technology identified

The details of the electricity demand, consumption and solar PV rooftop of the unit are given in table 2.2.

J	1
Parameters/ Equipment ID	Value
Connection type	LMV6
Supply voltage, volt	400
Contract demand, kVA	38
Recorded demand, kVA	43
Average monthly consumption, kWh	14,425
Type of solar installation	Rooftop
Installation Capacity, kW	35

Table 2.2: Details of electricity demand and consumption
--

2.3 Energy used and brief description of their usage pattern

The unit uses grid power supplied by Paschimanchal Vidyut Vitaran Nigam Limited under the tariff category LMV6. Table 2.3 provides the details of energy uses.

S No	Energy source	Description of use
1	Electricity	Motive power for different drives in different process sections and utilities
2	Fuel oil	Kiln
3	HSD	Generator backup power

Table 2.3: Energy used and description of use



2.4 Energy sources, availability & tariff details

Different energy sources, availability of listed energy types and their respective tariffs are given in table 2.4.

Particular	LMV6	
Fixed charges	• Up to 4 kW	: Rs. 245/kW/month
	• Above 4 kW to 9 kW	: Rs. 255/kW/month
	• Above 9 kW	: Rs. 275/kW/month
Energy charges	• Up to 1,000 kWh/month	: Rs. 7.00/kWh
	• Up to 2,000 kWh/month	: Rs. 7.35/kWh
	• Above 2,000 kWh/ month	: Rs. 7.60/kWh
TOD Charges	Summer Months (April to Sep	ptember)
	• 05:00 hrs-11:00 hrs	: (-) 15%
	• 11:00 hrs-17:00 hrs	: 0%
	• 17:00 hrs-23:00 hrs	: (+)15%
	• 23:00 hrs-05:00 hrs	: 0%
	Winter Months (October to M	larch)
	• 05:00 hrs-11:00 hrs	: 0%
	• 11:00 hrs-17:00 hrs	: 0%
	• 17:00 hrs-23:00 hrs	: (+)15%
	• 23:00 hrs-05:00 hrs	: (-)15%

Table 2.4: Energy sources, availability and tariffs

2.5 Analysis of electricity consumption

	5	1 1							
Month	Electricity	Electricity	Sanctioned	Power	Recorded	Demand	Demand	Energy	Mont
& Year	consumption	consumption	load/	factor	demand	Penalty	charges	charges	bill (
	(kWh)	(kVAh)	Demand		(kVA)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	
			(kVA)						
Oct-17	15,098	15,689	38	0.96	42.7	2,346	10,578	1,07,629	1,33,
Dec-17	10,844	11,375	38	0.95	36.8	-	9,113	78,251	96,
Jan-18	17,973	18,437	38	0.97	42.8	2,356	10,583	1,26,838	1,54,
Feb-18	17,661	18,146	38	0.97	46.3	4,118	11,464	1,25,419	1,51,
Mar-18	15,179	15,681	38	0.97	44.5	3,208	11,009	1,07,750	1,30,
May-18	12,183	13,387	38	0.91	45.9	3,911	11,360	91,818	1,14,
Jun-18	11,164	11,495	38	0.97	33.5	-	8,301	78,734	93,
Jul-18	15,298	15,832	38	0.97	49.1	5,495	12,152	1,08,614	1,35,
Average	14,425	15,005	38	0.96	42.7	2,679	10,570	1,03,132	1,26,
Total	1,73,100	1,80,063	-	-	-	32,150	1,26,841	12,37,581	15,16,

 Table 2.5:
 Electricity consumption profile

Figure 2.5 presents contract demand, recorded maximum demand and the energy consumption of the unit.



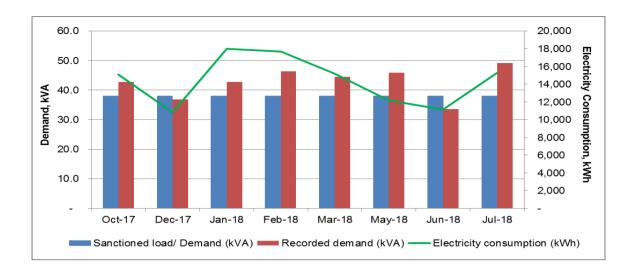


Figure 2.5: Demand pattern and energy consumption profile

2.6 Analysis of other energy forms/ fuels

The analysis of the other fuels/forms of energy used in the unit is given in table 2.6.

Parameters	Fuel Oil (kL)	HSD (Ltrs)				
Consumption unit/year	96.0	2,880				
Calorific value per kg	9,800	10,000				
Equivalent toe per year	87.5	2.9				
Price (Rs per unit)	34.0	68.0				
Total price per year	32,64,000	1,95,840				

Table 2.6: Analysis of other energy/ fuel consumption

The share of various energy forms used in the unit is given in figure 2.6.

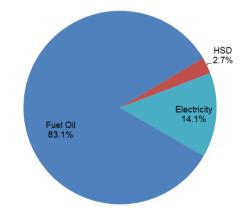


Figure 2.6: Percentage share of various fuel types in the unit

The plant is consuming about 173,100 kWh of electricity per year. The annual consumption of the fuel oil is 96 kL and HSD is 2,880 litres. The total energy consumption of the unit during last 12 months is estimated to be 105 toe which is equivalent to 50 lakh rupees. The



total CO_2 emission during this period is estimated to be 405 tonnes. Electricity, HSD and fuel oil were considered for CO_2 emission estimation.



3.0 Proposed technology for energy efficiency

Based on the measurements, observations/ findings during detailed assessment study conducted in the unit, the following technology has been identified for energy efficiency improvement. The detail is given below.

3.1 Installation of solar rooftop system

3.1.1 Background

Renewable energy is the resource of clean and zero emission, it has a tremendous potential of energy which can be harnessed using a variety of devices. With the resent technological advancement the availing solar energy are comparatively easily for industrial use with added benefit of minimum maintenance.

Irradiation Data

The actual site coordinates for the location is provided as follows:

Latitude	:	28.25° N
Longitude	:	77.85° E
Annual solar radiation	:	$5.49 kWh/m^2/day$

The annual monthly average horizontal solar radiation for the location is provided in the following figure: 3.1.1b.

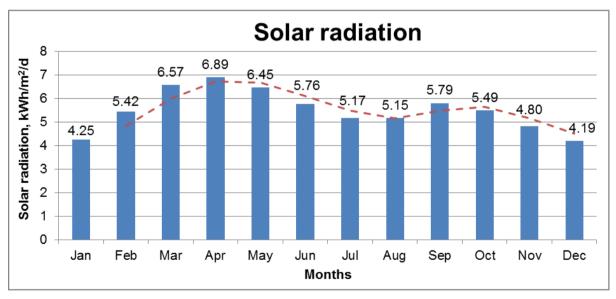


Figure 3.1.1b: Monthly average horizontal solar radiation

The variation of solar radiation for the given location varies in the range of 4.19–6.89 $kWh/m^2/day$. The yearly average radiation is about 5.49 $kWh/m^2/year$, such radiation levels gives a better feasibility of solar roof top projects in the site.



3.1.2 Observations and analysis

The assessment of potential for installation of Solar Rooftop shows that the available area suitable for installation is about 1,672 m² which is suitable for up to 100 kWp. In the existing roof topography the shadow varies due to variation solar incident angle in summer and winter, figure 3.1.2a shows the variation of the solar angle in summer and winter. A shadow analysis was carried out in the existing structure for identifying the tentative capacity of the solar PV roof top potential. With the variation of the solar incident angle the length of the shadow also varies in every season, the following formula is used for the shadow analysis of the particular location.

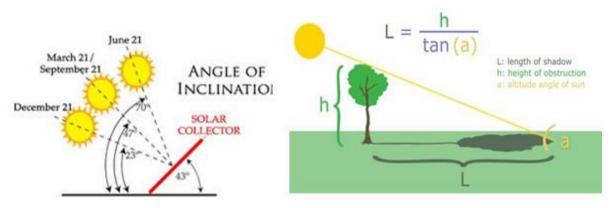


Figure 3.1.2a: Seasonal variation solar incident angle

For the existing location the incident angle was evaluated in both summer and winter, the figure 3.1.2b shows the variation of soar angle in winter and summer.

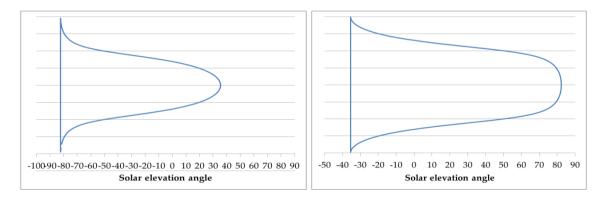


Figure 3.1.2b: Variation of solar angle in winter and summer

It can be observed that the variation of solar angle is from 35 to 82 degree in winter and summer respectively. The length of the shadow for a three meter height object will be having a shadow length of the 4.42m in winter and the same object will be having a shadow length of 2.54m in summer.

3.1.3 Recommendation

Based on existing area availability, it is feasible to install solar PV rooftop system of 100 kWp capacity. But based on the existing policy it is feasible to installed 35 kWp capacity. Based on the solar irradiation data as shown in the following figure, annual yield is estimated to be 49,156 kWh per year, which is about 28% of existing annual electricity consumption.



3.2 Cost benefit analysis

The estimated annual electricity consumption from the grid by installation of solar rooftop system is 49,156 kWh equivalent to a monetary saving of Rs 4.31 lakh. The investment² requirement is Rs 15.66 lakh with a simple payback period of 3.6 years. The detailed calculations of the recommended energy conservation measures for IGDPR are provided in table 3.2.

Parameters	Units	Values
Total roof top area	sq. ft.	17,991
	m ²	1,672
Maximum solar potential	kWp	100
Permissible solar potential	kWp	35
Annual energy generated from SPV	kWh/year	49,156
Annual monetary saving	Rs/years	4,30,544
Cost of SPV system	Rs	15,66,000
Simple payback period	Years	3.6

Table 3.2: Cost benefit analysis for recommended measures

3.3 Pre-training requirements

Training of operator/supervisor is required on general maintenance practices and periodic cleaning of the panels.

3.4 Process down time for implementation

There is no process downtime required for implementation of the recommended measure and the modifications may be planned without affecting its regular operations.

3.5 Environmental benefits

3.5.1 CO₂ reduction³

Implementation of the selected energy conservation measures in the unit may result in reduction in CO_2 emissions due to reduction in overall energy consumption. The estimated reduction in GHG emission by implementation of the recommended energy conservation measures is 40 tonnes of CO_2 per year.

3.5.2 Reduction in other pollution parameters (gas, liquid and solid)

There is not significant impact on the reduction in other pollution parameters including gas, liquid and solid.

³ Source for emission factor: 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories & electricity: CO₂ Baseline Database for the Indian Power Sector, user guide version 12.0, May 2017 (CEA)



² Quotation – 1 has been considered for estimation of investments

4.0 **Project financials**

4.1 Cost of project and means of finance

4.1.1 Particulars of machinery proposed for the project

The particulars of machinery proposed for the project is given in table 4.1.1.

S.	Name of machinery	Name of manufacturer, contact	Advantage	Disadvanta
No.	(Model/ specification)	person		ge
1	35 kWp Grids Connected/Interactive	Green Energy	-	-
	Roof top Solar PV Plant	Plot No - G 2016, GIDC Lodhika,		
		Road – L, Almighty Gate,		
		Near Minimatic Machines,		
		Metoda, Dist. Rajkot, Gujarat -		
		360 021		
2	Design, supply, installation, testing and	TATA Power Solar Systems	-	-
	commissioning of a solar power plant	Limited		
	Location: Champion Ceramics,	Plot No. 78, Electronics City		
	Thangadh.	Hosur Road, Bangalore-560100		
	Plant capacity: 35 kWp	Tel: 080-40702000/40703000		
	PV Technology/Module: Crystalline-	Fax: 080-28520116		
	PV	Web:www.tatapowersolar.com		
	Mounting Structure: On the			
	GI/Asbestos roof.			

Table 4.1.1: Particulars of machinery proposed for the project

4.1.2 Means of finance

The means of finance for the project is shown in table 4.1.2.

S. No.	Details	100% equity	D/E- 70:30	D/E- 50:50
1	Additional (Share) Capital	15.66	4.70	7.83
2	Internal Accruals	-	-	-
3	Interest free unsecured loans	-	-	-
4	Term loan proposed (Banks/FIs)	-	10.96	7.83
5	Others	-	-	-
	Total	15.66	15.66	15.66

4.2 Financial statement (project)

4.2.1 Assumptions

The assumptions made are provided in table 4.2.1.

Table 4.2.1: Assumptions made

Details	Unit	100% equity	D/E- 70:30	D/E- 50:50
General about unit				
No of working days	Days		240	



DPR - Solar PV rooftop system (G Expo Sales)

Details	Unit	100% equity	D/E- 70:30	D/E- 50:50
No of shifts per day	Shifts		3	
Annual operating hours	Hrs/year		6,000	
Installed production capacity	pieces/day		30,000	
Production in last financial years	pieces/day		25,000	
Capacity utilization factor	%		83	
Proposed investment (Project)				
Total cost of the project	Rs. in lakhs	15.66	15.66	15.66
Investment without interest defer credit (IDC)	Rs. in lakhs	15.66	15.66	15.66
Implementation time	Months	6.0	6.0	6.0
Interest during the implementation phase	Rs. in lakhs	-	0.58	0.41
Total investment	Rs. in lakhs	15.66	16.24	16.07
Financing pattern				
Own funds	Rs. in lakhs	15.66	5.27	8.24
Loan funds (term loan)	Rs. in lakhs	-	10.96	7.83
Loan tenure	Years	-	5.0	5.0
Moratorium period (No EMI (interest and principal amount))	Months	-	6.0	6.0
Total repayment period	Months	-	66.0	66.0
Interest rate	%	-	10.5	10.5
Estimation of costs				
Operation & maintenance costs	%		5.0	
Annual escalation rate of O&M	%		5.0	
Estimation of revenue				
Reduction in energy cost	Rs lakh/year		4.31	
Total saving	Rs lakh/year	ear 4.31		
Straight line depreciation	Straight line depreciation % 16.21		16.21	
Γ depreciation % 80.0		80.0		
Income tax	%		33.99	
Period of cash flow analysis	Years		5.0	

4.2.2 Payback

The simple payback period on the investments made are shown in table 4.2.2.

Table 4.2.2: Payback

Details	100% equity	D/E- 70:30	D/E- 50:50
Total project cost (Rs. In lakh)	15.66	16.24	16.07
Cash flow as annual saving (Rs. In lakh/year)	4.31	4.31	4.31
O&M Expenses for first year (Rs. In lakh/year)	0.78	0.81	0.80
Net Cash flow (Rs. In lakh/year)	3.53	3.50	3.51
SPP (months)	53.28	55.69	55.00
Considered (month)	53.30	55.70	55.00

4.2.3 NPV and IRR

The NPV and IRR calculations are shown in table 4.2.3.

Table 4.2.3a: NPV and IRR (100% equity)



DPR - Solar PV rooftop system (G Expo Sales)

Particulars / years	0	1	2	3	4	5
			(Rs.in	lakhs)		
Profit after tax	-	0.99	3.67	-0.09	-0.26	-0.31
Depreciation	-	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54
Cash outflow	15.66	-	-	-	-	-
Net cash flow	-15.66	3.53	6.21	2.45	2.28	2.22
Discount rate % @WACC	9.25	9.25	9.25	9.25	9.25	9.25
Discount factor	1.00	0.92	0.84	0.77	0.70	0.64
Present value	-15.66	3.23	5.21	1.88	1.60	1.43
Net present value	-2.32					
Simple IRR considering regular cash flow	2.49%					

Table 4.2.3b: NPV and IRR (D/E-70:30)

Particulars / years	0	1	2	3	4	5
			(Rs.in la	khs)		
Profit after tax	-	0.31	3.31	-0.71	-0.73	-0.62
Depreciation	-	2.63	2.63	2.63	2.63	2.63
Cash outflow	16.24	-	-	-	-	-
Net cash flow	-16.24	2.94	5.94	1.92	1.90	2.01
Discount rate % @WACC	10.09	10.09	10.09	10.09	10.09	10.09
Discount factor	1.00	0.91	0.83	0.75	0.68	0.62
Present value	-16.24	2.67	4.90	1.44	1.29	1.24
Net present value	-4.69					
Simple IRR considering regular cash flow	-3.67%					

Table 4.2.3c: NPV and IRR (D/E- 50:50)

Particulars / years	0	1	2	3	4	5
		(I	Rs.in lak	hs)		
Profit after tax	-	0.50	3.41	-0.53	-0.59	-0.53
Depreciation	-	2.61	2.61	2.61	2.61	2.61
Cash outflow	16.07	-	-	-	-	-
Net cash flow	-16.07	3.11	6.02	2.07	2.01	2.07
Discount rate % @WACC	9.86	9.86	9.86	9.86	9.86	9.86
Discount factor	1.00	0.91	0.83	0.75	0.69	0.62
Present value	-16.07	2.83	4.99	1.56	1.38	1.29
Net present value	-4.02					
Simple IRR considering regular cash flow	-1.91%					

4.3 Marketing & selling arrangement

The marketing and selling arrangements of the unit are given in table 4.3.

Items	Remarks
Main Markets (locations)	All over India
Locational advantages	-
Indicate competitors	Other manufacturing units
Any USP or specific market strength	-
Whether product has multiple applications	NA

Table 4.3: Marketing & selling arrangements



Items	Remarks	
Distribution channels	Direct sales	
(e.g. direct sales, retail network, distribution network)		
Marketing team details, if any.	NA	

4.4 Risk analysis and mitigation

The risk analysis and mitigation for the proposed options are given in table 4.4.

Type of risk	Description	Mitigation
Technology	The equipment/technology provided by the supplier may not be of high quality, which may result in underperformance.	The equipment/technology should be procured from standard/reputed vendors only.
Market /Product	Demand of the product manufactured by the unit may change resulting in lower capacity utilization.	Regular vigilance/tab on the market scenario by the SME will help in better understanding of new substitute product. The unit may modify the product line based on the emerging market trend.
Policy/Regulatory	Changes in government regulation/policy related to pollution and taxes & duties can affect the viability of the unit.	Local industrial association may play a role in discussing these issues with the relevant governmental bodies on a regular basis, so that any concerns of the unit are brought to their notice.

Table 4.4: Risk analysis and mitigation

4.5 Sensitivity analysis

A sensitivity analysis has been carried out to ascertain how the project financials would behave in different situations is given in table 4.5.

S.	Scenario	D/E ratio	Payback	NPV	IRR	DSCR	ROI
No.			period	(Rs	(%)		(%)
			(months)	lakh)			
1	10% increase in	100% equity	47.50	-1.21	5.80	-	6.60
	estimated savings	70:30	49.60	-3.60	-0.23	1.51	7.08
		50:50	49.00	-2.93	1.48	2.08	6.85
2	10% reduction in	100% equity	60.70	-3.43	-0.97	-	2.57
	estimated savings	70:30	63.50	-5.78	-7.33	1.29	-4.25
		50:50	62.70	-5.11	-5.51	1.77	-0.62
3	10% rise in	70:30	55.90	-5.09	-4.33	1.38	1.02
	interest rates	50:50	55.20	-4.31	-2.38	1.89	2.91
4	10% reduction in	70:30	55.40	-4.28	-3.02	1.43	3.12
	interest rates	50:50	54.80	-3.72	-1.45	1.96	3.91

Table 4.5: Sensitivity analysis



5.0 Conclusions & recommendations

The IGDPR has been prepared for the installation of solar PV rooftop system based on the performance assessment study conducted at unit and the acceptance of the unit management. The brief of selected energy conservation measure is given below.

5.1 List of energy conservation measures

The brief summary of the energy conservation measures are given in table 5.1.

Energy conservation	Annual	Investment	Monetary	Simple	Emission
measure	electricity	(Rs. Lakh)	savings	payback	reduction
	saving		(Rs.	period	(tonnes of
	(kWh/year)		Lakh/year)	(years)	CO ₂)
Installation of solar PV	49,155	15.66	4.31	3.60	40.30
rooftop system					

Table 5.1: Summary of the energy conservation measures

The measure has an estimated investment of 15.66 lakh rupees and can yield a savings of 4.31 lakh rupees per year. The total annual reduction in emission by implementation of recommended measure is estimated to be 40.3 tonnes of CO_2 . The financial indicators provided above in the table shows the project is financially viable and technically feasible.

5.2 Summary of the project

The summary of the project is given in table 5.2.

S. No.	Particulars	Unit	100% equity	D/E- 70:30	D/E- 50:50
1	Cost of Project	Rs. In Lakh	15.66	16.24	16.07
2	D/E Ratio	-	-	7:3	1:1
3	Project IRR	%	2.49	-3.67	-1.91
4	NPV	Rs. In Lakh	-2.32	-4.69	-4.02
5	DSCR	-	-	1.40	1.93

Table 5.2: Summary of the project

5.3 Recommendations

The NPV (net present value) of the project will be positive for solar PV projects with longer project life span (20-30 years) and taxation benefits (accelerated depreciation). The solar PV project will also reduce GHG emissions caused due to use of grid electricity. It is recommended that the implementation of the identified the energy conservation measures may be undertaken by the unit.



6.0 Financing schemes for EE investments for MSME sector

Government of India has many schemes to provide concessional finance for EE technologies among MSMEs. Some major government schemes are summarised in table 6.1.

Name of the scheme	Brief Description and key benefits
ZED assessment and certification	Assessment process, fee and subsidy are as follows: Online (e-Platform) self-assessment: Nil fee Desk Top assessment : Rs 10,000 per SME Complete assessment : Rs 80,000 ZED rating per SME; Rs 40,000 for additional ZED defence rating; Rs 40,000 for re-rating The rating costs will include cost of Rs 10,000/- as certification cost by QCI. Subsidy for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises are 80%, 60% and 50% respectively.
Credit Linked Capital Subsidy Scheme (CLCSS) (2000-ongoing)	15% capital subsidy of cost of eligible plant and machinery / equipment for adoption of proven technologies for approved products / sub-sectors for MSE units subject to ceiling of INR 15 lakhs
Credit Guarantee Fund Scheme for Micro and small Enterprises (in partnership with SIDBI) (2000-ongoing)	This scheme was launched by MoMSME and SIDBI to alleviate the problem of collateral security and enable micro and small scale units to easily adopt new technologies. Under the scheme, collateral free loans up to Rs 1 crore can be provided to micro and small scale units. Additionally, in the event of a failure of the SME unit which availed collateral free credit facilities to discharge its liabilities to the lender, the Guarantee Trust would guarantee the loss incurred by the lender up to 75 / 80/ 85 per cent of the credit facility.
Technology and Quality Up gradation Support to MSMEs (TEQUP) (2010- ongoing)	The benefits available to SMEs under TEQUP include – technical assistance for energy audits, preparation of DPRs and significant capital subsidy on technologies yielding an energy savings of over 15%. The scheme offers a subsidy of 25% of the project cost, subject to a maximum of Rs. 10 lakhs. TEQUP, a scheme under NMCP, focuses on the two important issues in enhancing competitiveness of the SME sector, through EE and Product Quality Certification.
Technology Upgradation Fund Scheme (TUFS) (1999-ongoing)	 Interest subsidy and /or capital subsidy for Textile and Jute Industry only. 1. To facilitate Technology Up gradation of Small Scale (SSE) units in the textile and jute industries. Key features being: Promoter's margin -15%; Subsidy - 15% available on investment in TUF compatible machinery subject to ceiling of Rs 45 lakh; Loan amount - 70% of the cost of the machinery by way of Term Loan

Table 6.1: Major government schemes



Name of the scheme	Brief Description and key benefits
	 Interest rate: Reimbursement of 5% on the interest charged by the lending agency on a project of technology upgradation in conformity with the Scheme Cover under Credit Guarantee Fund Scheme for Micro and Small Enterprises (CGMSE) available
	 2. To enable technology upgradation in micro and small power looms to improve their productivity, quality of products and/ or environmental conditions 20% margin subsidy on investment in TUF compatible specified machinery subject to a ceiling of Rs 60 lakhs or Rs 1crore (whichever is applicable) on subsidy amount to each unit – released directly to the machinery manufacturer.
Tax incentives	 Accelerated depreciation is provided to the customers / users of the energy saving or renewable energy devises under the direct tax laws. Under indirect taxes, specific concessional rates of duty are only available to CFLs and not to all energy efficient products A further waiver of import tariffs and taxes for EE technology imports are dealt on a case to case basis, meaning higher costs for those imported technologies that are not available in the domestic markets at present.

Two financing schemes have been created by Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE) under The National Mission for Enhanced Energy Efficiency (NMEEE) for financing of energy efficiency projects - Venture Capital for Energy Efficiency (VCFEE) and Partial Risk Guarantee Fund for Energy Efficiency (PRGFEE). These funds seek to provide appropriate fiscal instruments to supplement the efforts of the government for creation of energy efficiency market. Highlights of these two schemes are provided in the table 6.2.

Table 6.2: BEE's VCFEE and PRGFEE scheme

Energy Efficiency	 This fund is to provide equity capital for energy efficiency projects in Government buildings and Municipalities in the first phase. A single investment by the fund shall not exceed Rs 2 crore Fund shall provide last mile equity support to specific energy efficiency projects, limited to a maximum of 15% of total equity required, through Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) or Rs 2 crore, whichever is less
Guarantee Fund for Energy Efficiency	 A PRGF is a risk sharing mechanism lowering the risk to the lender by substituting part of the risk of the borrower by granting guarantees ensuring repayment of part of the loan upon a default event. Guarantees a maximum 50% of the loan (only principal). In case of default, the fund will: Cover the first loss subject to maximum of 10% of the total guaranteed amount Cover the remaining default (outstanding principal) amount on



Venture Capital for Energy Efficiency (VCFEE)	 This fund is to provide equity capital for energy efficiency projects in Government buildings and Municipalities in the first phase. A single investment by the fund shall not exceed Rs 2 crore Fund shall provide last mile equity support to specific energy efficiency projects, limited to a maximum of 15% of total equity required, through Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) or Rs 2 crore, whichever is less
	 partial basis upto the maximum guaranteed amount PFI shall take guarantee from the PRGFEE before disbursement of loan to the borrower. The Guarantee will not exceed Rs 300 lakh per project or 50% of loan amount, whichever is less. Maximum tenure of the guarantee will be 5 years from the date of issue of the guarantee

Indian Renewable Energy Development Agency (IREDA), a non-banking financial institution established by the government also extends financial assistance for setting up projects relating to new and renewable sources of energy and energy efficiency/conservation. The detailed financing guidelines for energy efficiency projects are provided in table 6.3.

Eligible companies who can apply Minimum loan amount	 Private Sector Companies/ firms, Central Public Sector Undertaking (CPSU), State Utilities/ Discoms/ Transcos/ Gencos/ Corporations, Joint Sector Companies which are not loss making. Rs. 50 lakh
Type of projects considered for term loans	 Replacement / retrofit of selected equipment with energy efficient equipment Modification of entire manufacturing processing Recovery of waste heat for power generation
Incentive available	Rebate in central excise dutyRebate in interest rate on term loanRebate in prompt payment of loan instalment
Interest rate	 10.60% to 11.90% depending upon the grading of the applicant with prompt payment rebate of 15 bps if payment is made on / before due dates Interest rates are floating and would be reset on commissioning of the project or two years from the date of first disbursement. Thereafter, the rates will be reset after every two years. Rebate of 0.5% in interest rates are available for projects set up in North Eastern States, Sikkim, J&K, Islands, Estuaries. Rebates of 0.5% in interest rates are also available for projects being set up by SC/ST, Women, Ex Servicemen and Handicapped categories involving project cost of upto Rs. 75.00 lakh.
Loan	Upto 70% of the total project cost. Promoter's contribution should be Minimum 30% of the total project cost
Maximum debt	3:1



DPR - Solar PV rooftop system (G Expo Sales)

equity ratio	The project cash flow should have a minimum average Debt Service Coverage Ratio of 1.3
Maximum repayment period	12 years with moratorium of maximum 12 months
Procurement procedures	The borrower is required to follow the established market practices for procurement and shall demonstrate that the quality goods and services are being purchased at reasonable and competitive prices. Wherever the loan is sanctioned against international lines of credit such as the World Bank, Asian Development Bank, KfW, etc., the relevant procedures will have to be followed and requisite documents will have to be submitted by the borrower

Small Industries Development Bank of India (SIDBI) has several schemes and focused lines of credit for providing financial assistance for energy efficiency and cleaner production projects for SMEs. Highlights of some of the major financial assistance schemes/projects managed by SIDBI are given in table 6.4.

Table 6.4: Major EE financing schemes/initiatives of SIDBI

End to End Energy Efficiency (4E) Program	 Support for technical / advisory services such as: Detailed Energy Audit Support for implementation Measurement & Verification Financing terms: Terms loans upto 90% Interest rate upto 3% below normal lending rate.
TIFAC-SIDBI Revolving Fund for Technology Innovation (Srijan Scheme)	To support SMEs for up-scaling and commercialization of innovative technology based project at flexible terms and interest rate. Preference accorded to sustainable technologies / products. Soft term loan with an interest of not more than 5%.
Partial Risk Sharing Facility for Energy Efficiency (PRSF) Project (supported by World Bank)	 Sectors covered: Large industries (excluding thermal power plants) SMEs Municipalities (including street lighting) Buildings Coverage: The minimum loan amount Rs 10 lakh and maximum loan amount of Rs 15 crore per project. The extent of guarantee is 75% of the loan amount
JICA-SIDBI Financing Scheme	• The loan is used to provide SMEs with funds necessary to invest in energy-saving equipment (and some medical equipment) in the form of two-step loans through SIDBI or three-step loans through intermediary financial institutions.



	 Project uses an Energy Saving Equipment List approach Equipment/machinery with energy saving potential less than 10% is not eligible. Interest rate: As per credit rating and 1% below the normal lending rate Separate technical assistance component which is used for wetting of loan applications, holding seminars to raise awareness of energy saving among SMEs and to improve the ability of financial institutions to screen loan applications for energy-saving efforts
KfW-SIDBI Financing Scheme	 Coverage a) SMEs for energy efficiency projects b) SMEs and clusters for cleaner production and emission reduction measures, waste management and Common Effluent Treatment Plant (CETP) facilities Interest rate As per credit rating and 1% below the normal lending rate Eligible criteria 3 t CO₂ emission reduction per year per lakh invested List of eligible equipment/technology and potential suppliers developed for guidance

State Bank of India (SBI) has been provided a green line of credit by Japan Bank for International Cooperation (JBIC) for financing of energy efficiency investments. Highlights of the line of credit are given in table 6.5.

 Table 6.5:
 JBIC-SBI Green Line

Key Features

- Amount : USD 90 million
- Repayment Schedule: First repayment on May 30, 2017 and final repayment date May 30, 2025 (equal instalment)

Eligibility Criteria

- Projects contributing to preservation of global environment, i.e. significant reduction of GHG emissions
- Acceptance of JBIC-MRV ('J-MRV") by the project proponent in terms of the numerical effect of the environment preservation. To ensure effective GHG reduction emissions in Green financed projects, JBIC reviews such effects through simple and practical Measurement Reporting Verification (MRV) process both in (a) prior estimation and (b) ex-post monitoring.
- Procurement in line with the "Guidelines for Procurement under Untied Loans by Japan Bank for International Cooperation"



Canara bank has a dedicated scheme for financing EE investment among SME sector as mentioned in table 6.6.

Purpose	For acquiring/adopting energy conservation/savings equipment/
	measures by SMEs
Eligibility	Units under Small and Medium Enterprises
	Cost of energy for the unit should constitute not less than 20% of the total
	cost of production
	Unit should possess energy audit report issued by an approved energy
	Consultant/Auditor.
	Borrowal a/cs-ASCC code S1 or S2 during previous review.
	Current account holders having dealings exclusively with us satisfactorily
	for a period of last one year
Maximum loan	Maximum Rs 100 lakhs in the form of term loan
Security	Prime: Assets created out of loan
	Collateral: Upto Rs.5 lakhs – NIL
	Above Rs.5 lakhs, as determined by the bank
Repayment	Maximum 5-7 years including moratorium of 6 months
Guarantee cover	Cover available under CGMSE of CGTMSE available for eligible loans
Margin	10% of the project cost
Rate of interest	1% less than the applicable rate
Upfront fee	1% of the loan
Insurance cover	Assets acquired and charged as security to Bank to be insured
Special offer, if any	Grants : Bank provides 25% of the cost of Energy Audit / Consultancy
	charges with a maximum of Rs 25000/- to the first 100 units on a first come
	first served basis which is in addition to the grant of Rs 25000/- being
	provided by IREDA(First 100 units)

Among the private sector banks in India, Yes Bank is also active in financing of renewable energy and energy efficiency projects. The bank has an MOU with SIDBI for providing funding for EE through PRSF.

Most commercial banks charge interest rate between from 11% to 13% from MSMEs depending upon general criteria such as credit ratings, references, past lending record, balance sheet for last 3 years and so on. Interest rebate is offered for a few customers whose collateral value is around 125% of the loan amount. Further 0.5% concession in interest rate was offered to women entrepreneurs.

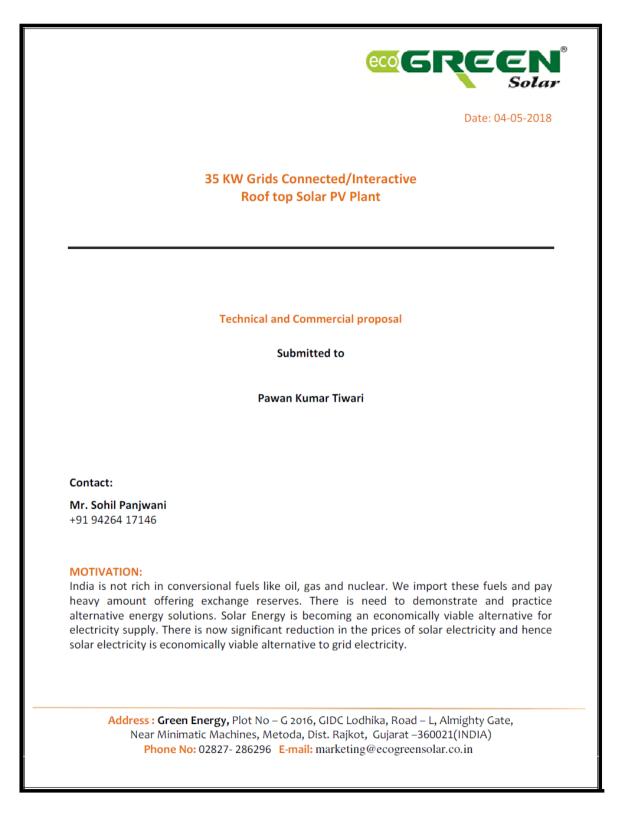


Annexures



Annexure 1: Budgetary offers / quotations

Quotation – 1 : Green Energy







Executive Summary:

The proposed Roof Top Solar Photovoltaic (SPV) Power Plant will utilize the vacant area available on the terrace of your building. The SPV power plant with proposed capacity of 35 Kwp. would be a grid connected system without a battery bank. It would meet the partial load of the building during working hours. The 35 KW SPV power plant is estimated to inject 123 to 140 kWh of daily energy in DC side (subjected to the irradiance of the sun and weather condition, before considering the losses of the system). The SPV Power Plant will cost 15,66,000/- INR. (Extra Charges: PGVCL Quotations + GEDA Fee 11,800/- + Stamp paper 200/-)

SAILENT FEATURES:

1. Location	
a. State	Gujarat
b. City	Thangadh
c. Locality	Thangadh
d. Name of the building	
e. Latitude	22.5761°
f. Longitude	71.2010°
2. Area under SPV	
a. SPV power output	Polycrystalline
a. Output	35 Kw
b. Number of modules	110
c. Power rating of modules	320wp*
3. Mounting arrangement	20 - 20
a. Mounting type	Flat Roof mount (Standard Structure)
b. Tilt (slop) of PV module	Shed tilt
4. Inverter	
a. Number of unit	35 kw – 1 Unit
b. Nominal power	
c. Efficiency	98%
5. Cost Estimates	
a. Estimated cost (INR)	15,66,000/-INR.
6. System detail	Grid tied
7. Annual generation Unit	44713 Kwh from DC Side
8. Annual Utilization Unit	NA
9. Turnaround time	

*Number of items may vary according to the module and inverter range availability

***Price based on INR.

***Validity 30 days.

Address : Green Energy, Plot No – G 2016, GIDC Lodhika, Road – L, Almighty Gate, Near Minimatic Machines, Metoda, Dist. Rajkot, Gujarat –360021(INDIA) Phone No: 02827- 286296 E-mail: marketing@ecogreensolar.co.in





Introduction:

In the proposal shared below, **ECO GREEN SOLAR** assumes that the roof is suitable for mounting of the array (In case of top installation), with load bearing capacity greater than 25 kg/sq. m. based on the static load of modules and mounting structure. There will be additional dynamic wind loads only at wind speeds over 170 km/hr.

For this project, our recommended infrastructure for the installation of roof top SPV system comprises the following.

Components and services

 Modules – A 320 WP solar array compromising of 110 high efficiency Polycrystalline silicon modules.

 Mounting Structures – Specifically designed mounting structures for shed/ground mounted rooftop installation.

 Inverter – Inverters based on the latest String technology, which offer the highest level of efficiency and operational safety.

4. Other Equipment - DC cabling, AC cabling, Junction Boxes and Protection Systems.

5. <u>Project Management</u> — We will carry out the detailed design coordination and ideation with different vendors for procurement, installation and commissioning of the project. Throughout the course of the project, **ECO GREEN SOLAR** will be the sole point of contact for the client.

6. <u>Documentation and Training</u> – Professional and comprehensive documentation of the project will be done and submitted in the name of the client. Detailed and relevant training sessions will be conducted for each of the staff/concerned person likely to play a role in the operation and management of the system.

7. <u>Maintenance</u> – ECO GREEN SOLAR will provide free maintenance for the first 5 year, after which the client may opt for an affordable maintenance service. Your project is as important to us, as it is to you. It is our goal to ensure that your satisfaction with our work encourages you to recommend us to your friends, family and acquaintances.

Address : Green Energy, Plot No – G 2016, GIDC Lodhika, Road – L, Almighty Gate, Near Minimatic Machines, Metoda, Dist. Rajkot, Gujarat –360021(INDIA) Phone No: 02827- 286296 E-mail: marketing@ecogreensolar.co.in





Technology Selection:

Panels

The Solar PV system shall be designed using multicrystalline silicon modules. Photovoltaic solar systems use the light available from the sun to generate electricity. PV panels convert the light reaching the system into DC power. The amount of power they produce is roughly proportional to the intensity and the angle of the light reaching them.

Inverter

A grid-tied inverter will be used to complement the solar power generated with grid power. Considering the specific requirements of Group, we suggest using inverter based on string technology. The suggested type of inverter will meet the requisite reactive power supply and provide grid support, thus reliably participating in efficient grid management.

Remote Monitoring System

A remote monitoring system will be integrated with your PV system enabling monitoring of the entire system from anywhere in the world. It keeps you clearly informed about the faultless operation of the system. A data logger will also be added to maintain historical data logs onsite.

Others (Junction Boxes, Combiners, Protection Equipment)

In addition to disconnecting from the grid (islanding protection) on detecting no grid/DG supply or under and over voltage conditions, the PV system shall be provided with adequately rated fuses on the inverter Input side (DC) as well as the output side (AC) side for overload and short circuit protection. Disconnect switches to isolate the DC and AC system for maintenance or other relevant functions are also provided.

Bill of Materials (Subjected to final design):

Sr No	Description	Unit	Quantity
1	320 Watt Module	Nos	110
2	MC4 Connector (Male & female)	Nos	As per Requirement
3	Mounting Structure	Nos	As per Requirement
4	DC junction Box	Nos	As per Requirement
5	DC Cable up to Inverter	Nos	As per Requirement
6	Inverter (String Technology)	Nos	35 kw
7	Remote Monitoring	Nos	(Inbuilt)
8	AC cable from Inverter to ACJB	Nos	As per Requirement

Address : Green Energy, Plot No – G 2016, GIDC Lodhika, Road – L, Almighty Gate, Near Minimatic Machines, Metoda, Dist. Rajkot, Gujarat –360021(INDIA) Phone No: 02827- 286296 E-mail: marketing@ecogreensolar.co.in



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9	AC Junction Box	Nos	As per Requirement
10	Cable glands, Cables ties etc.	Nos	As Requirement
11	Earthing system	Nos	As Requirement
12	Installation Works	Lumpsum	
13	Lighting arrestor	Nos	As Requirement
14	No Volt Relay	Nos	As Requirement

	Quan	tity of mat	terial	
Sr No	Material Description	Unit	Qty	Make
1	Solar PV Modules - Polycrystalline	kW	35	Raj Ratana Solar or Equivalent
2	Solar Module Mounting Structure	kW	35	GI Pipe
3	Solar String Inverter	kW	35	Solax or Equivalent
4	Balance of System			
i	DC & AC Cables	Set	1	KEI DC Cable & Finolex or Equivalent
ií	Earthing & Lightning Protection	Set	2	Shree Vasudha Gel Earthing Electrode
iii	Switchgear Protection System	Set	1	ETON, L&T or Equivalent
iv	Energy Meters	Set	1	As per DISCOM standard

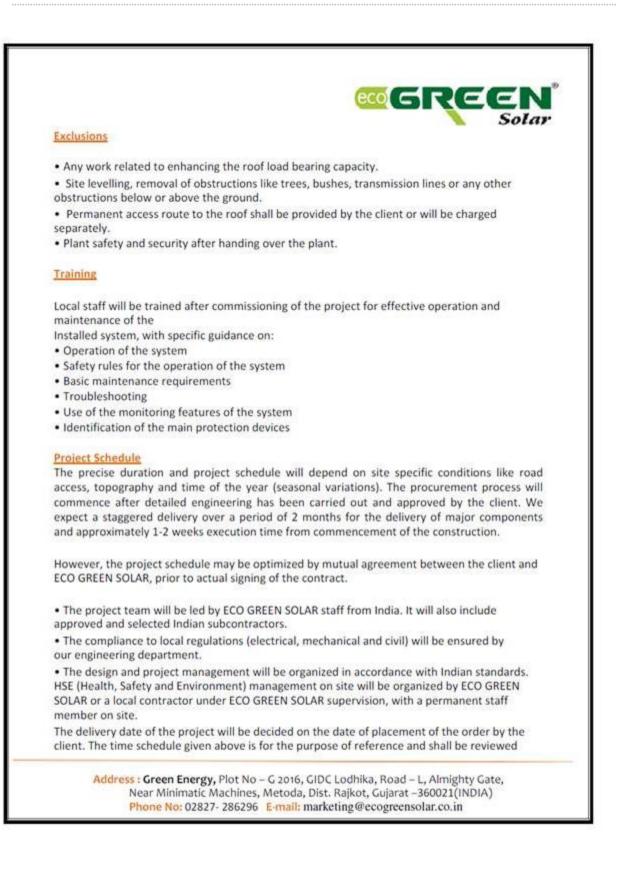
*Number of items may vary according to the module and inverter range availability. Scope of work and Development Schedule:

Typical scope of work and Technology

1	Services for final design and drawing
2	Installation of roof mounted PV support structures
3	Installation of PV panels and electrical connections
4	Testing and Installation of Inverter
5	Complete Cabling
6	Project management (including documentation)
7	Supervision of system installation and comminissining
8	Complete arrangement of labour for installation and installation of system
9	Training of staff

Phone No: 02827- 286296 E-mail: marketing@ecogreensolar.co.in



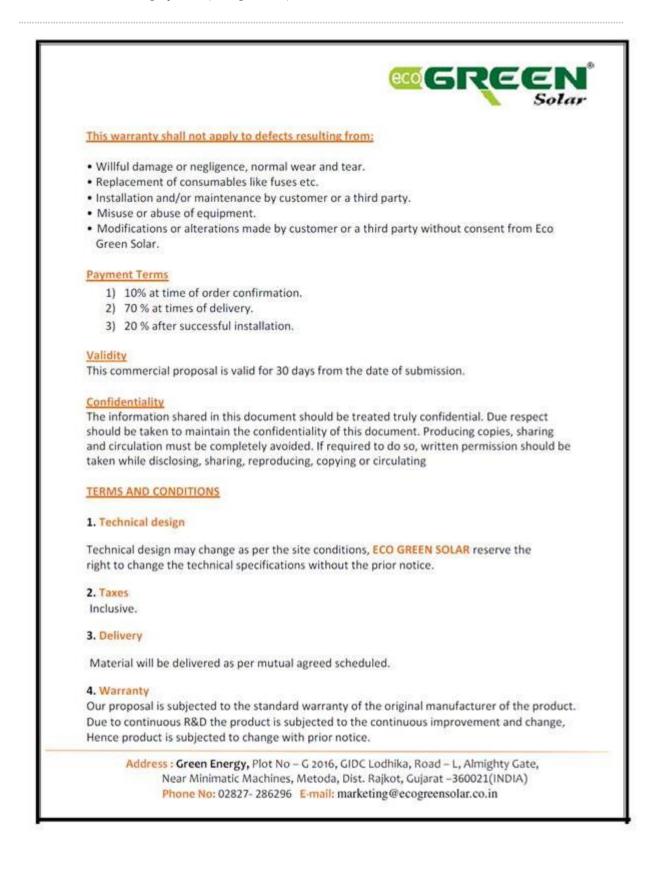




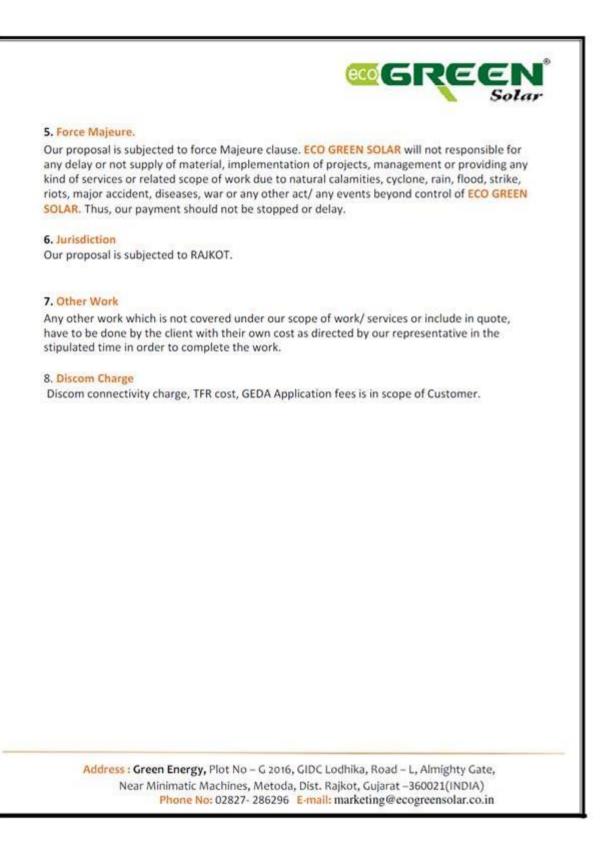
	standing the client's ability to achieve the required permits, financing and detailed f the site conditions.
Client Scop	e of Work
Client will b	e responsible for:
Providing	architectural and structural drawings for the building/rooftop.
maintenanc • Facilitatin • Facilitatin • Appropria • Auxiliary p • Suitable s • Water for • Provision <u>Warranty C</u> <u>PV Module</u> • 25 years p	d access to the roof and electrical room during construction and subsequent e of the power plant. This shall include a permanent access route to the roof. g preparedness of the roof top area for installation of the solar power plant. g electrical connection to the existing grid/load point (after energy meter). ite storage space for materials during construction of the plant. bower required during construction. torage space for the inverter & other electrical hardware. cleaning along with requisite drainage facilities. for lighting on the roof (as required). onditions by Manufacturer performance warranty (90% up to 10 years, 80% up to 25 years) vertor warranty against manufacturing defects.
The second second second second	, IEC61730 and CE certified
Inverters b	Manufacturer
	arranty (Expandable as per requirement at extra cost) Full system warranty from SOLAR for 5 year which will include:
	boxes, laying the main direct current cable and setup of the grounding device,5 year te of commissioning.
connection	nstallation works in the inverter operation building if used, such as inverter to DC and AC as well as installation of ventilation, lights and sub-distribution, 5 he date of commissioning.
	n works and provided equipment of the generator terminal box, transformer power supply unit, 1 year from the date of commissioning.
 Guarante year. 	e for the structural safety and stability of the mounting system for a period of
Until the c	onclusion of the warranty period plus the operating period of the project, ECO AR shall have access rights to all parts of the plant and to the reports on its work



I









Quotation – 2 : Tata Solar

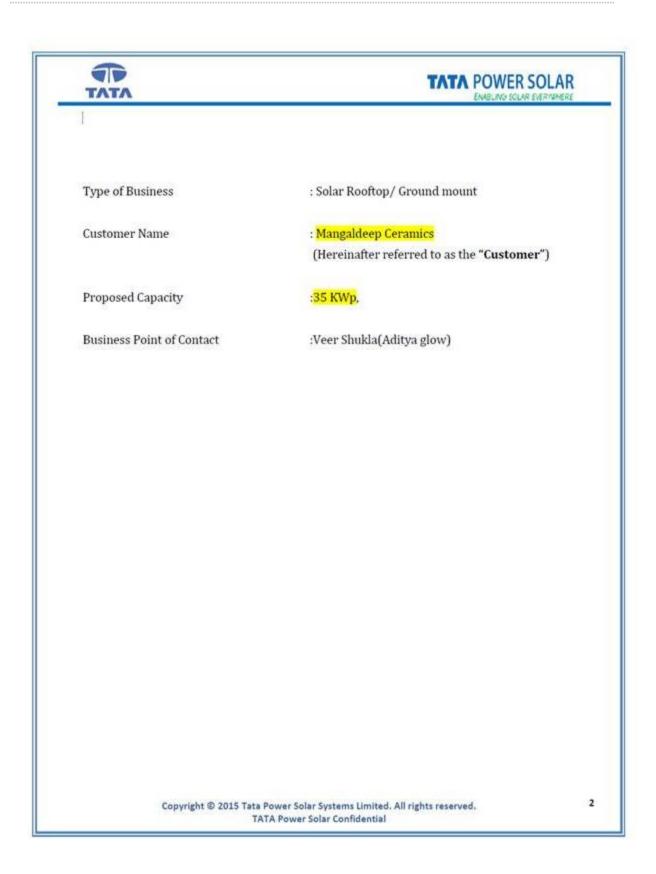


Commercial Proposal For 35kWp Solar Rooftop System

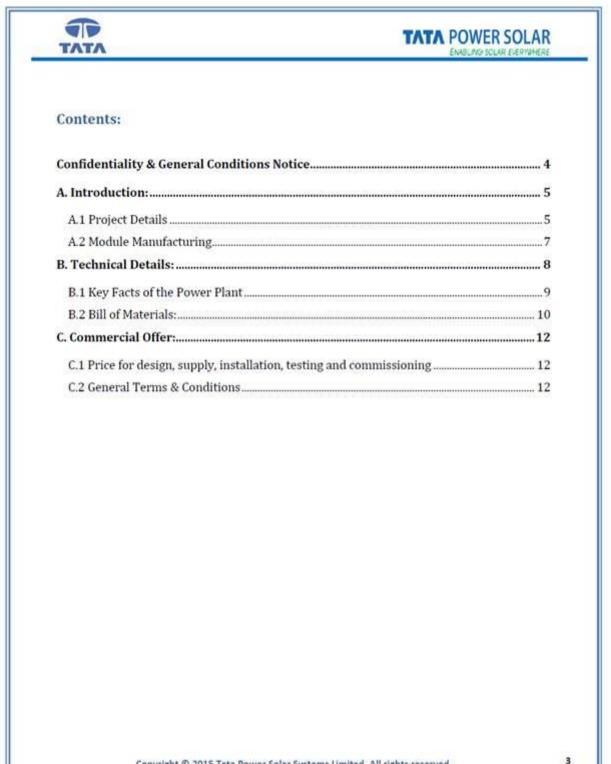


Mangaldeep Ceramics, Thangadh INDIA, Date: 09th May 2018









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TATA POWER SOLAR

Confidentiality & General Conditions Notice

This commercial proposal for installation of solar rooftop power system (the "Proposal") is submitted with the intent of executing a definitive and legally binding agreement (the "Agreement") following an award of business to TATA POWER SOLAR SYSTEMS LIMITED ("TATA Power Solar"). The Proposal itself is a legally binding offer to contract and in the event of an award to TATA Power Solar, it shall execute an Agreement that will be the complete agreement between the parties, however, where the parties do not execute any such Agreement, then the terms and conditions mentioned in this Proposal shall govern any purchase order(s) issued by the Customer in reference to the installation of rooftop solar power system.

This Proposal constitutes confidential and proprietary information of TPS and requires that Customer treat the information contained in this Proposal as confidential. Customer may use the information contained in this Proposal solely for the purposes of evaluating this Proposal and executing the Agreement with TATA Power Solar. This Proposal and all supporting documentation and manuals provided to Customer in connection with this Proposal shall remain the property of TATA Power Solar and must be returned immediately upon request.

This Proposal is based upon the set of requirements provided by Customer to TATA Power Solar, and certain reasonable assumptions taken by TATA Power Solar and that may be set forth by Owner. If Customer alters the requirements or if any assumption stated herein are false or inaccurate, then this Proposal, including pricing, may change. Implementation of any services detailed in this Proposal is subject to applicable legal and regulatory norms and requirements in force as on the date when services are to be implemented and such implementation may vary to cater to the requirements of such applicable legal and regulatory norms and requirements.

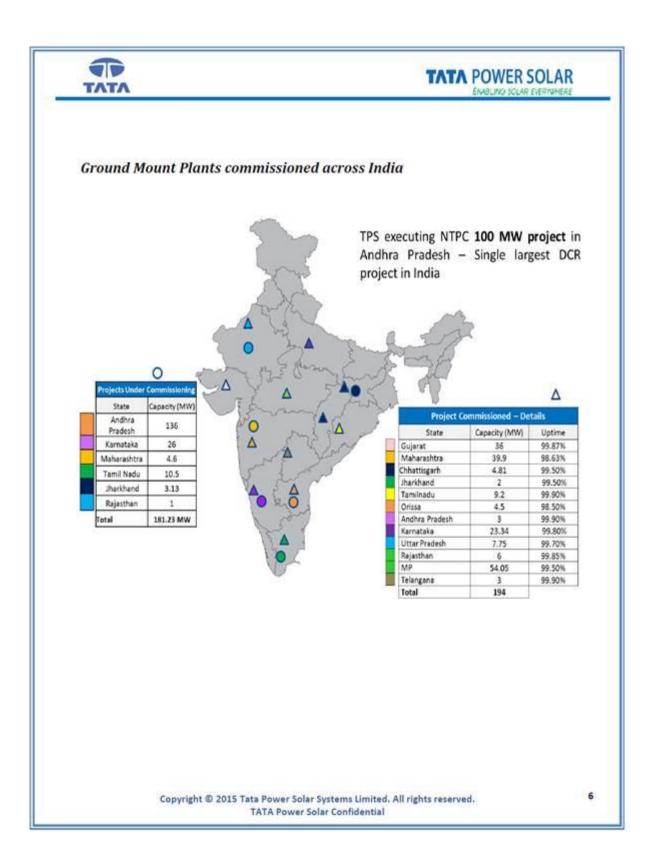
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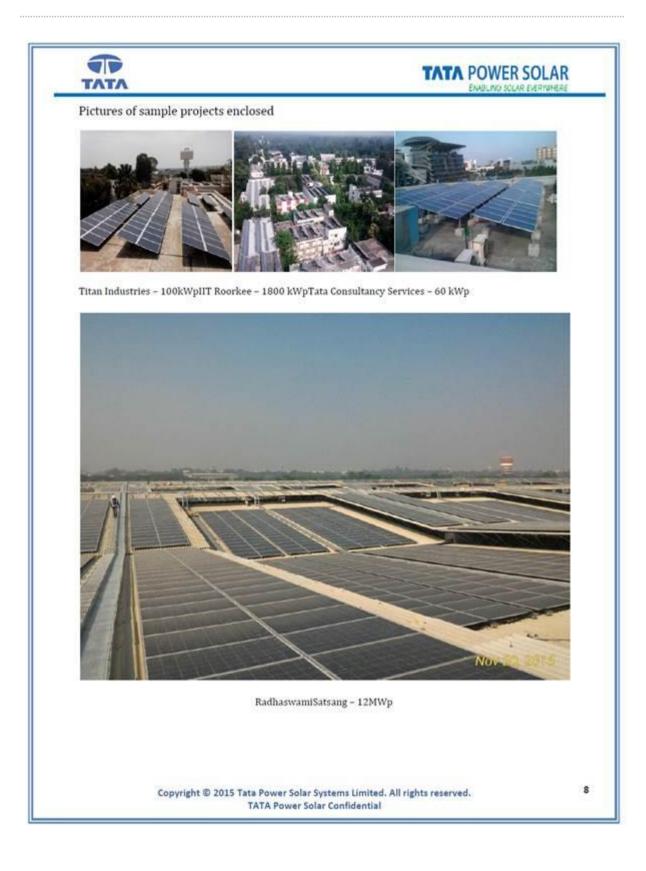
TATA	TATA POWER SO		
72+ MW of total rooft	ojects executed by Tata Power S	CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER	
Executed larg	est Rooftop of 12 MWp for R5SB in 2015	Capacity (kW)	
4060	J&K	4050	
	Uttarakhand	474	
	Chattisgarh	4791	
2850 474	Andhra Pradesh	1210	
1820	Gujerat	6470	
\$730 2839	C Tamil Nedu	8790	
	Maharashtra	5110	
6470 140 1	40 aga	3620	
	Rajasthan	5730	
4791 18	Karnataka	2270	
5110 4791 18	Delhi	2850	
1430	West Bengal	951	
5-1-1-1	Haryana	1820	
2270 1210	Uttar Pradesh	12410	
1 and	Telangana	1430	
8791	Madhya Pradesh	140	
3620	Orissa	184	
	8ihar	140	
	Others	2398	

A.2 Module Manufacturing

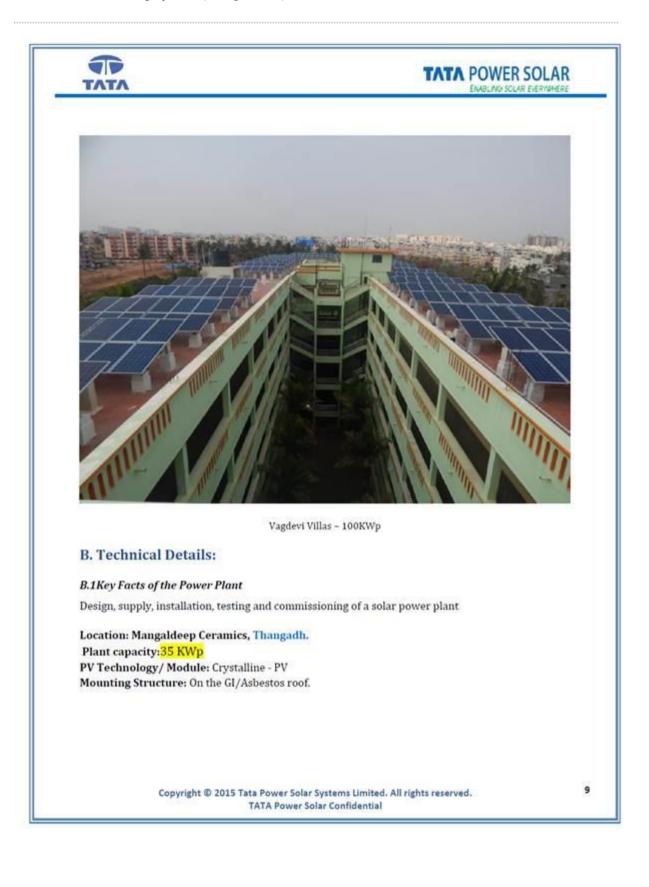
TATA Power Solaroperates about 200MW of cell and module manufacturing in Bangalore, INDIA, that provides high-quality solar components to power plants worldwide. TATA Power Solaris one of the few companies that have been manufacturing solar modules for almost over two decades and the company has shipped over 700MW+ of cells and modules to-date. TATA Power Solar's modules are known worldwide for their high quality, efficiency and reliability and are considered tier-1 bankable by financial institutions in all geographies across the globe.

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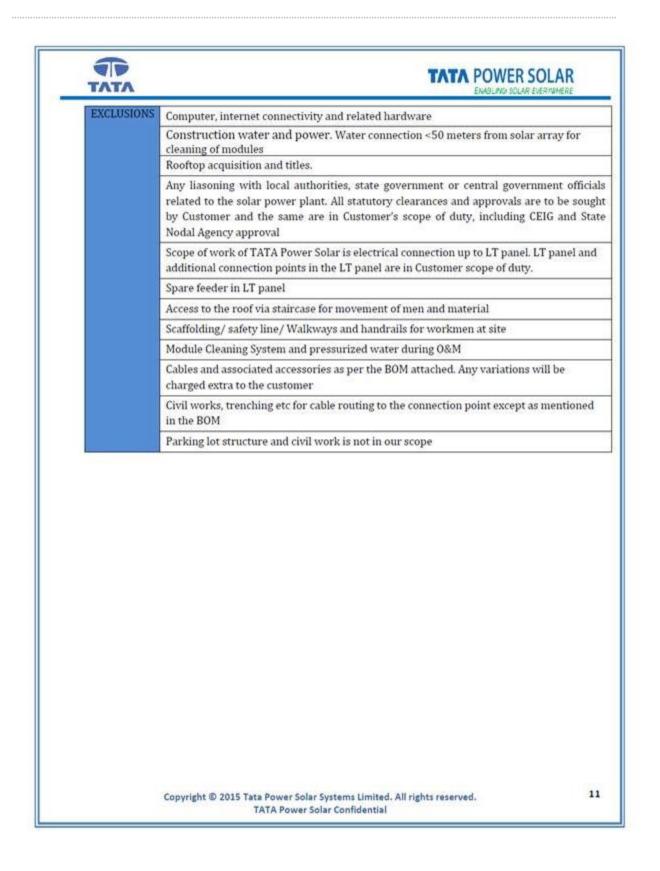


ГЛТЛ		TATA POWER SOL		
2 Tentative Bill of Materials: TYPICAL BILL OF MATERIALS				
Sr. No	Description of Major Supply Items	Total Qty	Make	UoM
1	Solar PV module: 265 Wp, multicrystalline Silicon	132	Tata Power Solar, Indian made	no
2	Module mounting structure	1	TPS Approved Vendors	Set
3	Array Junction Box (4in-4out, with MOV & Fuses)	1	Trinity/Hensel/ TPS Reputed vendors	No
4	Grid Connect Solar Inverter (1 x 30KW, 415V AC, 50Hz, MPPT),	1	TPS Approved Vendors	No
5	Monitoring: Data Logger-1No, 5Yr Remote Monitoring on TPS Portal	1	TPS Approved Vendors	Set
6	ACDB Panel with MCCB Breakers on RCC roof	1	TPS Approved Vendors / Eligant / Eqv.	Set
7	1C X 4 Sq.mm. EB XLPE Cu.cable (Array Interconnection & to Inverter)	1	KEI/Siechem/eqv	Set
8	4C X 10 Sq.mm. EB XLPE Cu cable (Inverter to ACDB)	1	KEI/Siechem/eqv	set
9	3.5 C X 50 Sq.mm. EB XLPE AI cable (ACDB to LT panel)	1	KEI/Siechem/eqv	set
10	Earthing Kit, Earthing Wire & GI Earth Strip (25mm x 5mm)	1	TPS Approved Vendors	set
11	Lightning Arrestor	1	TPS Approved Vendors	set
12	MC-4 Cable Couplers (Male & Female Pairs)	1	Bizlink / Multi-Contact / Eqv.	set
13	Installation kit (Comm. Cable, Inverter Canopy etc)	1	Tata Power Solar	set

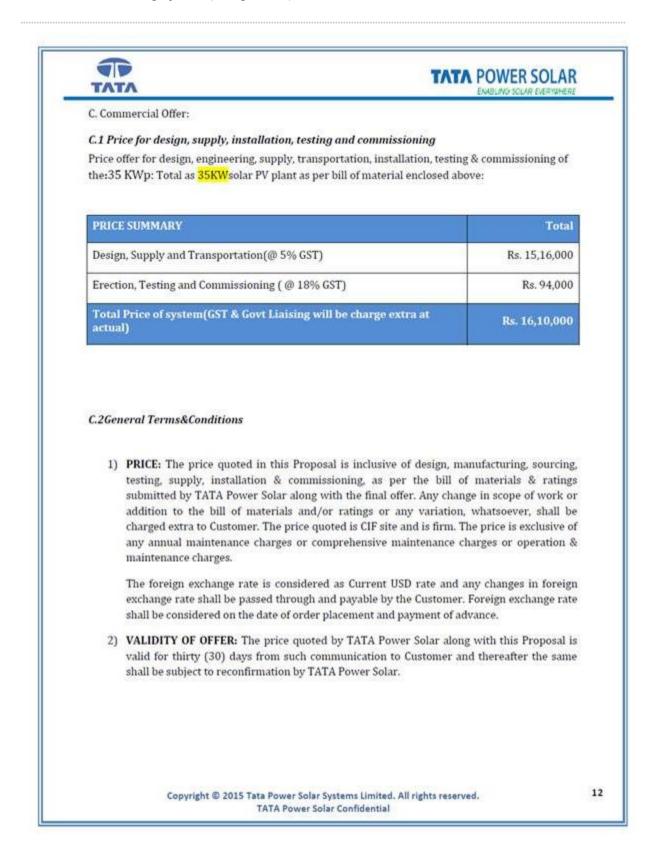
Final BOM may be varied as per engineering layout, capacity and other parameters remains same.

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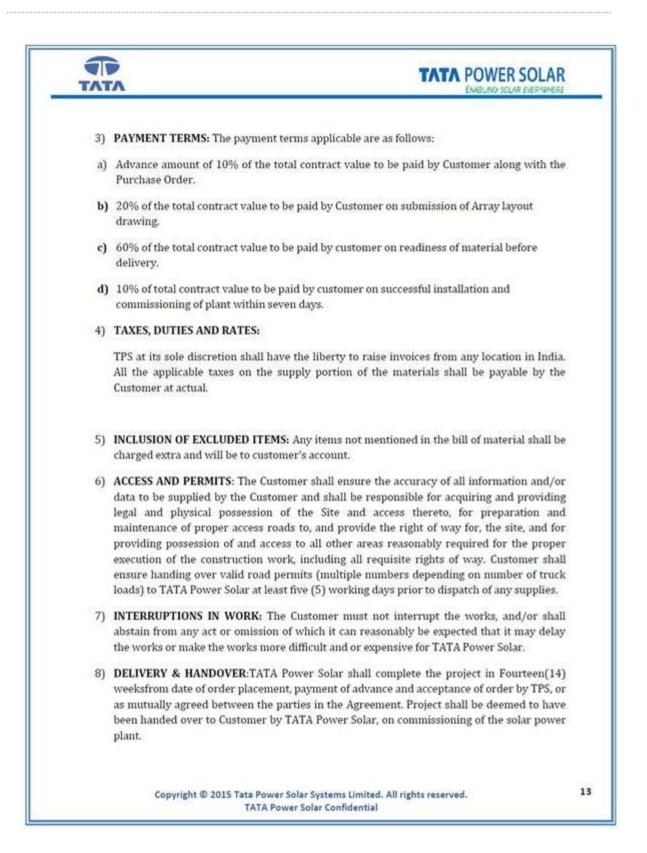




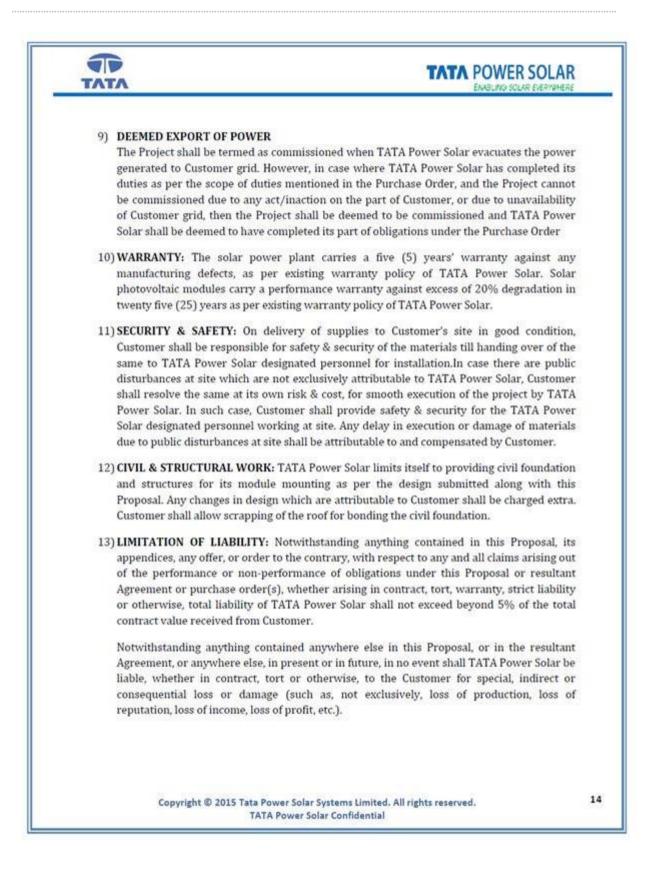
















TATA POWER SOLAR ENABLING SOLAR EVERYWHERE

- 14) **INDEMNIFICATION**:Customer shall fully Indemnify and hold harmless TATA Power Solar and its affiliates, associates, directors and employees from and against, any and all losses, costs, damages, injuries, liabilities, claims and causes of action, including without limitation arising out of or resulting from claims by third parties, acts, omissions or breach of any of the Customer's affiliates, suppliers, employees, agents or contractors in the performance of Customer's obligations under this Proposal or any resultant Agreement or otherwise arising out of any breakage of asbestos roof, other health hazards arising out of roof condition, the solar power system and its usage.
- 15) INSURANCE: For the offered supplies and services, TATA Power Solar shall cover insurance for marine-cum-storage-cum-erection through appropriate erection all risk policy for all offered items till commissioning. On commissioning of the solar power plant, suitable asset insurance will have to be arranged by Customer at its own cost since the asset is in the name the customer
- 16) FORCE MAJEURE: Force majeure shall mean any cause, existing or future, which is beyond the reasonable control of TATA Power Solar including, but not limited to, acts of God, storm, fire, floods, explosion, epidemics, quarantine, earthquake, strike, riot, lock out, embargo, interference by civil or military authorities, acts, regulations or orders of any governmental authority in their sovereign capacity, acts of war (declared or undeclared) including any acts of terrorism, and all other such acts of similar or analogous nature (where all such acts to be collectively referred to as "Force Majeure"). TATA Power Solar shall not be liable for the failure to perform any obligation in terms of this Proposal if and to such extent such failure is caused by a Force Majeure, provided that none of such acts of Force Majeure will relieve the Customer from meeting its payment obligations.

The periods for performance as agreed upon shall be extended by the periods of delay caused by such Force Majeure, as long as the period of Force Majeure does not last longer than three (3) months. If a Force Majeure continues for more than three (3) months and the parties are not able to reach an agreement on the continuation of work within a further term of one (1) month, the fulfillment of obligations of TATA Power Solar shall automatically be deemed impossible and shall stand suspended.

Upon such suspension, TATA Power Solar shall be entitled to be paid the following amounts: (a) all the amounts payable for the works completed until the date of suspension; (b) the cost of materials which have been delivered to Customer, or of which Contractor is liable to accept delivery; (c) any other cost or liability, including unamortized cost of materials, which in the circumstances was reasonably incurred by TATA Power Solar in the expectation of completion of the works; (d) demobilization costs of Contractor personnel and equipment; and (e) all other costs incurred by TATA Power Solar on account of suspension of order on such other suppliers.

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